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PATIENT REPORT

500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, Utah 84108-1221

phone: 801-583-2787, toll free: 800-522-2787

Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Chief Medical Officer

Patient Age/Sex:

Unknown

Specimen Collected: 21-Mar-23 15:51

Myasthenia Gravis Reflexive Panel | Received: 21-Mar-23 15:51 Report/Verified: 21-Mar-23 16:02 Procedure Result Reference Interval

Acetylcholine Binding Antibody 0.4^{i1} nmol/L [0.0-0.4]Acetylcholine Blocking Antibody 12 12 [0-26]

MuSK IgG Ab CBA, Serum, with Rflx Received: 21-Mar-23 15:51 Report/Verified: 21-Mar-23 16:03 Procedure Result Reference Interval

MuSK Ab IgG CBA IFA Screen, Serum Detected * t1 i3 [<1:10]

MuSK IgG Ab Titer, Serum Received: 21-Mar-23 15:51 Report/Verified: 21-Mar-23 16:03 Procedure Reference Interval

MuSK Ab IgG CBA IFA Titer, Serum 1:80 * i4 [<1:10]

<u>Interpretive Text</u>

21-Mar-23 15:51 (MuSK Ab IgG CBA IFA Screen, Serum) MuSK Antibody, IgG is detected. Titer results to follow.

<u>Test Information</u>

i1: Acetylcholine Binding Antibody

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Acetylcholine Binding Ab

Negative 0.0 - 0.4 nmol/L Positive 0.5 nmol/L or greater

Approximately 85-90 percent of patients with myasthenia gravis (MG) express antibodies to the acetylcholine receptor (AChR), which can be divided into binding, blocking, and modulating antibodies. Binding antibody can activate complement and lead to loss of AChR. Blocking antibody may impair binding of acetylcholine to the receptor, leading to poor muscle contraction. Modulating antibody causes receptor endocytosis resulting in loss of AChR expression, which correlates most closely with clinical severity of disease. Approximately 10-15 percent of individuals with confirmed myasthenia gravis have no measurable binding, blocking, or modulating antibodies.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

i2: Acetylcholine Blocking Antibody

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Acetylcholine Blocking Ab

Negative 0-26 percent blocking Indeterminate 27-41 percent blocking

Positive 42 percent or greater blocking

Approximately 85-90 percent of patients with myasthenia gravis (MG) express antibodies to the acetylcholine receptor (AChR), which can be divided into binding,

*=Abnormal, #=Corrected, C=Critical, f=Result Footnote, H-High, i-Test Information, L-Low, t-Interpretive Text, @=Performing lab

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at:

ARUP Laboratories

500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108

Laboratory Director: Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD

ARUP Accession:

23-080-900320

Report Request ID: 17730933

Printed:

22-Mar-23 10:09

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Unknown

Test Information

Acetylcholine Blocking Antibody

blocking, and modulating antibodies. Binding antibody can activate complement and lead to loss of AChR. Blocking antibody may impair binding of acetylcholine to the receptor, leading to poor muscle contraction. Modulating antibody causes receptor endocytosis resulting in loss of AChR expression, which correlates most closely with clinical severity of disease. Approximately 10-15 percent of individuals with confirmed myasthenia gravis have no measurable binding, blocking, or modulating antibodies.

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MuSK Ab IgG CBA IFA Screen, Serum i3: INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: MuSK IgG Ab CBA, Serum, with Rflx

Muscle-specific kinase (MuSK) antibody is found in a subset of patients with myasthenia gravis, primarily those seronegative for muscle acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody. Decreasing antibody levels may be associated with therapeutic response; therefore, clinical correlation must be strongly considered. A negative test result does not rule out a diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.

This indirect fluorescent antibody cell-based assay (CBA) utilizes muscle-specific kinase (MuSK) transfected cells for the detection of the MuSK IgG antibody.

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i4: MuSK Ab IgG CBA IFA Titer, Serum INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: MuSK IgG Ab Titer, Serum

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